Differential Equations MS 1

 Separate variables correctly and attempt to integrate at least one side B11 B1Obtain term lnRObtain $\ln x - 0.57x$ B1Evaluate a constant or use limits x = 0.5, R = 16.8, in a solution containing terms of the form M1 Obtain correct solution in any form A1Obtain a correct expression for R, e.g. $R = xe^{(3.80 - 0.57x)}$, $R = 44.7xe^{-0.57x}$ or $R = 33.6xe^{(0.285 - 0.57x)}$ Α1 [6] (ii) Equate $\frac{dR}{dx}$ to zero and solve for x M1State or imply $x = 0.57^{-1}$, or equivalent, e.g. 1.75 A1Obtain R = 28.8 (allow 28.9) A1[3] 2 Sensibly separate variables and attempt integration of at least one side M1Obtain $2y^{\frac{1}{2}} = ...$ or equivalent A1 Correct integration by parts of $x \sin \frac{1}{3}x$ as far as $ax \cos \frac{1}{3}x \pm \int b \cos \frac{1}{3}x dx$ M1Obtain $-3x\cos\frac{1}{3}x + \int 3\cos\frac{1}{3}x dx$ or equivalent A1Obtain $-3x\cos\frac{1}{3}x + 9\sin\frac{1}{3}x$ or equivalent A1 Obtain $y = \left(-\frac{3}{10}x\cos\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{9}{10}\sin\frac{1}{3}x + c\right)^2$ or equivalent A1 [6] (ii) Use x = 0 and y = 100 to find constant M*1 Substitute 25 and calculate value of y DM*1 Obtain 203 A1[3] B1Separate variables and integrate one side 3 Obtain term ln(x + 2)B1Use $\cos 2A$ formula to express $\sin^2 2\theta$ in the form $a + b \cos 4\theta$ M1Obtain correct form $(1 - \cos 4\theta)/2$, or equivalent A1Integrate and obtain term $\frac{1}{2}\theta - \frac{1}{8}\sin 4\theta$, or equivalent **A1**√ Evaluate a constant, or use $\theta = 0$, x = 0 as limits in a solution containing terms M1 $c \ln(x+2), d \sin(4\theta), e \theta$ Obtain correct solution in any form, e.g. $ln(x+2) = \frac{1}{2}\theta - \frac{1}{8}\sin 4\theta + ln 2$ A1Use correct method for solving an equation of the form ln(x+2) = fM1Obtain answer x = 0.962A1[9] 4 (i) State $\frac{dN}{dt} = k(N-150)$ B1 [1]

(ii) Substitute $\frac{dN}{dt} = 60$ and N = 900 to find value of kObtain k = 0.08Separate variables and obtain general solution involving $\ln(N - 150)$ Obtain $\ln(N - 150) = 0.08t + c$ (following their k) or $\ln(N - 150) = kt + c$ Substitute t = 0 and N = 650 to find cObtain $\ln(N - 150) = 0.08t + \ln 500$ or equivalent

Obtain $N = 500e^{0.08t} + 150$ A1

[7]

(iii) Either Substitute t = 15 to find N or solve for t with N = 2000 M1
Obtain Either N = 1810 or t = 16.4 and conclude target not met A1 [2]